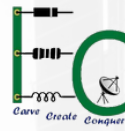




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Analysis of Modulation schemes Using Rayleigh and AWGN channel for wireless sensor nodes in Internet of Things

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Abstract—Constraints of energy in a wireless sensor network has become a critical issue as almost all the nodes are battery driven. Hence energy is limited. Hence optimization of energy is a critical factor for the sensor node's lifetime. Here we have considered the asymmetric method of communication that uses different modulation schemes with error correcting codes for up-link and down-link communication. We evaluate and compare two extensively used error correcting codes, Hamming and Reed-Solomon (RS) codes, together with well-known modulation schemes, including QAM, M-FSK, M-PSK, and BPSK. This paper makes use of the relation between Signal to noise ratio (SNR) and bits per symbol towards modelling and analysis purposes.

I. INTRODUCTION

Concern regarding global warming has increased manifold. Hence there has been a lot of attention on the energy saving schemes. In a wireless sensor network, energy efficient schemes play an important role where energy efficiency affects the sensor node lifetime in a direct way. In general, the power source can not be replaced in a deployed sensor network. Hence power conservation is the most important and critical factor to be considered in the wireless sensor network. we can find so many stringent energy consumption constraints in wireless sensor networks [1], [2]. This motivated us to have a comprehensive study of energy efficient modulation schemes. In several works of literature, BPSK seemed to be mostly used modulation scheme as compared to others. In this paper, an investigation has been done with BPSK and other modulation schemes. Bit Error Rate (BER) is the most crucial factor in wireless communication but BER needs to be as low

as possible. In most scenarios, communication between sensor nodes and Base Station (BS) happens in a noisy environment with fading.

The fidelity of the Internet of Things (IoT) has become crucial as the number of things keeps on increasing in the Internet of Things. Sensor nodes [3] play an important and crucial role in IoT. In narrow-band IoT, fewer subcarriers, as well as modulation techniques with the lowest order such as Binary Phase Shift Keying (BPSK), are used. Hence the investigation of BPSK with other modulation techniques is essential which is presented in this work.

This study still covers analysis of different modulation techniques for Rayleigh fading and Gaussian Noise channels. The structure of this article is as follows. Section II describes related work. The background is described in Section III. The System Performance Analysis and Evaluation is presented in Section IV. The conclusion is depicted in Section V.

II. RELATED WORK:

Recent literature has emphasized addressing the energy aware (resource constrained) networks. The main problem that needs to be focused on is energy savings and management. Many authors have focused on providing some solutions in this aspect. Analysis for power consumption mostly comprises two parameters such as transmitted power and the power that is consumed by the circuit. This section explains the use of popular digital modulation techniques such as BPSK, M-ary QAM, and FSK for significant energy saving in wireless sensor networks.

In the paper [4], transmission time, as well as constellation size for M-ary QAM and FSK, is compared to 10 meters

which concluded in the higher energy efficiency of M-QAM. The paper [5] explains how capacity and SNR in M-QAM are related which concluded with the result of minimum energy between the nodes. Authors in [6] have derived the expressions in exact and generic form for bit error rate in the M-ary QAM constellation. Paper [7] presents the modulation schemes towards minimum energy consumption. For analysis purposes, authors have considered the consumption of the signal power as well as the circuit power.

Authors in [8], have depicted the detailed sensor network architecture. In this paper, the authors summarized the solutions that are covered in the sections on the relevant protocol stack layers. They also highlighted unresolved research difficulties with the goal of igniting fresh interest and advancements in the area. The paper [9] provides the analysis for non-coherent MFSK with AWGN channel. Paper [10], represents the performance of RS code over Bose Chaudhuri Hocquenghem (BCH) code. On the processor based on implementation, energy for RS codes is calculated.

III. BACKGROUND

A. Error initiating Mechanism in communication

Most of the time, the thermal motion of the electrons which leads to front end noise in the receiver, is the cause of the error. When signal energy E_{signal} per noise power density $NP_{Density}$ decreases, the number of errors observed per unit time increases. When where E_{signal} is Signal Energy and $NP_{Density}$ is Noise Power Density.

Most of the time the generated noise at the front end is Additive White Gaussian Noise f(AWGN), as it affects the signal in an additive manner. Random fluctuations in received signal strength lead to the occurrence of the error introduced. The reduction in received signal strength can be due to several factors such as:

- Long range of communication
- Path Loss
- Receiver position is in a shadow zone
- Multipath

B. System Model

Fig. 1 shows the topology [11] of a sensor network. The system taken into consideration comprised of:

Sensor helps to receive the physical parameter at the transmitter section to process it to digital form with the help of an analog to the digital filter. A local oscillator produces a carrier signal which carries the information. The signal needs to be amplified and the impedance matching network helps in matching the impedance of the path to the impedance of the transmitting antenna.

In the receiver section, the reverse process is followed once the transmitted signal arrives at the receiver. Most sensor nowadays integrates the RF transceiver, ADC and DAC, processors, amplifiers, etc in a single small chip comparable to a coin powered by small batteries. Hence energy needs are conserved. Three modes of operation were considered:

- ON State: For Information Transmission and reception

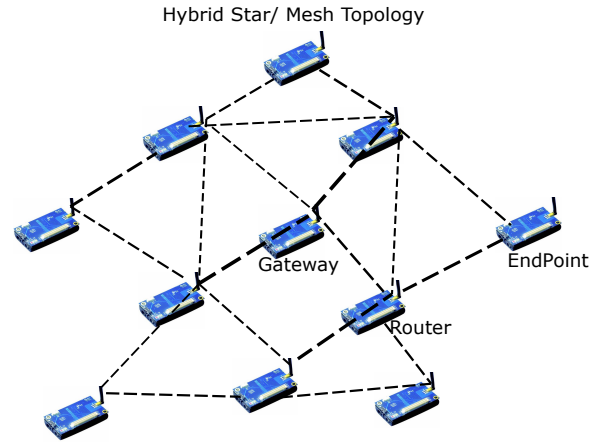


Fig. 1. Topology of sensor network considered for this work

- Transition State: The temporary state that acts between On and Sleep state which sets up the frequency Synthesizer of the local oscillator.
- Sleep state: Saves energy

$$E_{Radio} = \frac{P_{ON}T_{ON} + P_{transition}T_{transition} + P_{sleep}T_{sleep}}{L} \quad (1)$$

where P_{ON} , $P_{transition}$, P_{sleep} are the power consumed for different states respectively. T_{ON} , $T_{transition}$, T_{sleep} are time duration of transceiver on, transition and sleep states respectively. L is the information bit length for transmission.

Because of the low leakage current assumption for CMOS, power consumption during sleep is likely to be close to nil. Additionally, since the transition length is shorter than the ON-state duration, i.e. the energy during the transitory state is assumed to be negligible.

$$P_{sleep}T_{sleep} \ll P_{ON}T_{ON} \quad (2)$$

$$P_{transition}T_{transition} \ll P_{ON}T_{ON} \quad (3)$$

Hence equation (1) reduces to

$$E_{Radio} = \frac{P_{ON}T_{ON}}{L} \quad (4)$$

As P_{ON} comprises of transmitted signal power (P_{signal}), power consumed due to power amplifier (P_{pa}) and total power consumed by the circuit element ($P_{circuit}$), equation(4) can be written as:

$$E_{Radio} = \frac{(P_{signal} + P_{pa} + P_{circuit})T_{ON}}{L} \quad (5)$$

In general, the efficiency of the power amplifier is given as:

$$\eta_{pa} = \frac{RFoutputpower}{DCinputpower} \quad (6)$$

Also the relation between power consumption in power amplifier P_{pa} and the signal power P_{signal} is :

$$P_{pa} = \beta \times P_{signal} \quad (7)$$

where β is a constant.

Hence the equation(5) can be re-written as :

$$\begin{aligned} E_{\text{Radio}} &= \frac{\{P_{\text{signal}} + (\beta \times P_{\text{signal}}) + P_{\text{circuit}}\}T_{\text{ON}}}{L} \\ &= \frac{\{(1 + \beta)P_{\text{signal}} + P_{\text{circuit}}\}T_{\text{ON}}}{L} \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

As the medium is free space and Line of Sight is assumed to exist between transmitter and receiver, so required signal power is expressed by the Friis transmission equation [12]

$$P_{\text{signal}} = \frac{P_r}{G_t G_r} \frac{(4\pi)^2}{\lambda^2} r^n \quad (9)$$

where P_r is the received power; G_t, G_r are the gain of the T_x and R_x respectively; λ is the wavelength; r is the distance between transmitter and receiver antenna; n is the path loss exponent [13] which ranges from 2 to 4.

The Signal to Noise Ratio(SNR) for uncoded(uc) transmitting data is given as:

$$SNR_{uc} = \frac{P_r \times \gamma}{M \times BW \times NF \frac{N_0}{2}} \quad (10)$$

where M is the number of bits per symbol; BW is the bandwidth; $\frac{N_0}{2}$ is the noise spectral density for additive white gaussian noise channel; γ is the code gain and NF is the noise figure for the receiver.

$$\text{Noise Figure (NF)} = 10 \log \text{Noise factor (N)} \quad (11)$$

The Signal to Noise Ratio(SNR) for coded(c) transmitting data is given as:

$$SNR_c = \frac{P_r}{M \times BW \times NF \frac{N_0}{2}} \quad (12)$$

where M is the number of bits per symbol; BW is the bandwidth; $\frac{N_0}{2}$ is the noise spectral density for additive white gaussian noise channel and NF is the noise figure for the receiver.

Suppose we are transmitting ' k ' information bits and ' n ' are the respective encoded bits for k info bits, then code rate(CR) is calculated to be $\frac{k}{n}$. Hence

$$E_{\text{Radio}_c} = \frac{\frac{(1+\beta)P_{\text{signal}}T_{\text{ON}}}{L} + \dots}{P_{\text{circuit}}T_{\text{ON}} \times CR + L E_{\text{comp}} \times CR} \quad (13)$$

Similarly for the uncoded system:

$$E_{\text{Radio}_{uc}} = \frac{(1 + \beta)P_{\text{signal}}T_{\text{ON}} + P_{\text{circuit}}T_{\text{ON}}}{L} \quad (14)$$

Expression for Information Rate(IR) with T_{ON} is given by

$$IR = \frac{L}{T_{\text{ON}}} \Rightarrow T_{\text{ON}} = \frac{LT_S}{IR} \quad (15)$$

where T_s denotes time spent to transmit one symbol.

IV. SYSTEM PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION

A. Analysis of RS codes with BPSK in AWGN channel

Reed-Solomon Codes as error correcting codes remain the most understood codes whereas in the recent literature survey. Despite of several theoretical applications, it has much more impact on practical real-time applications such as wireless communication.

Performance analysis of Reed-Solomon codes(RS) in Fig. 2 and Fig.3. Fig. 4 shows the Performance analysis of Reed-

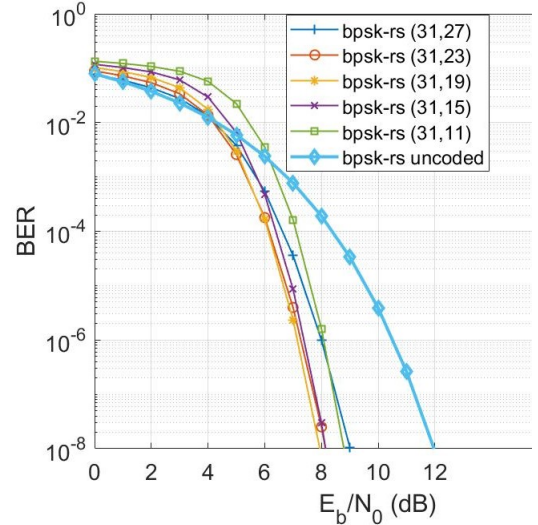


Fig. 2. Analysis of RS(31,k) codes with BPSK

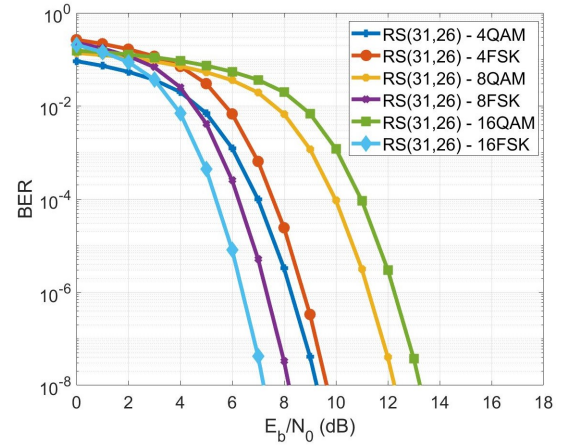


Fig. 3. Analysis of various RS(31,26) codes with M-QAM and M-FSK

Solomon codes (RS) with Binary PSK. Fig. 5 shows the Performance analysis of Hamming Codes).

B. Performance Evaluation in fading condition

The fade is dependent upon the signal variation in time and on the received envelope amplitude distribution. In most of the scenarios, Rayleigh fading is considered due to reflection and

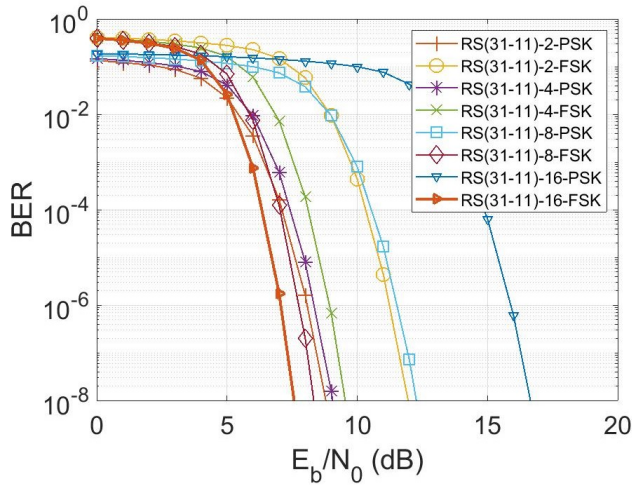


Fig. 4. Analysis of various RS(31,11) codes with M-PSK and M-FSK

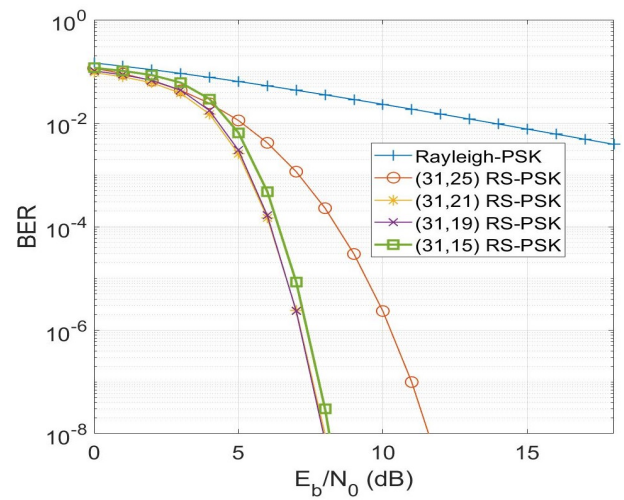


Fig. 6. Performance of various RS codes with Rayleigh channel

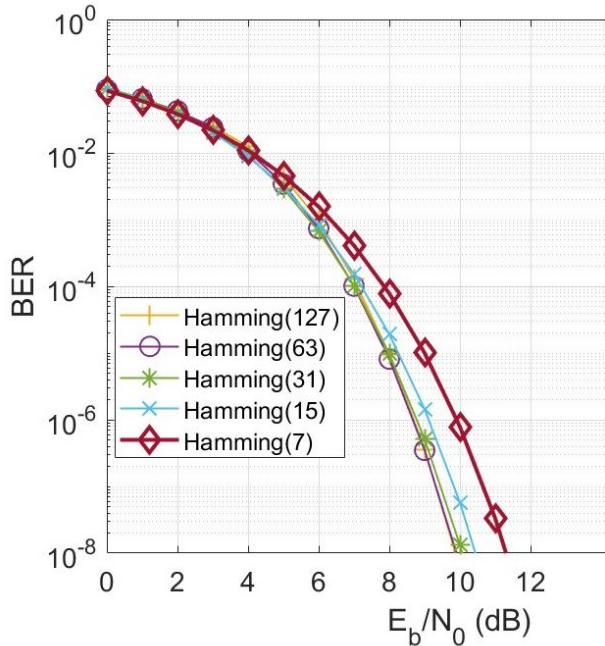


Fig. 5. Analysis of various Hamming codes with BPSK

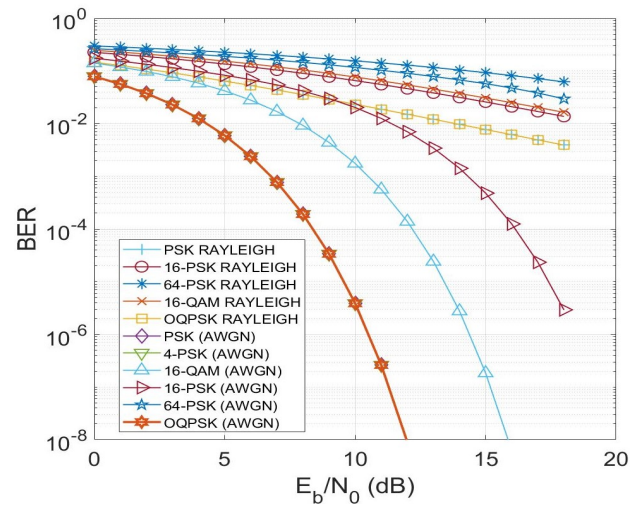


Fig. 7. Bit error rate performance for different signal constellation

scattering of the signal. The envelope of the received signal can be calculated as:

$$x_r(t) = Rl(t) \times T_x(t) \times n_{Gaussian}(t) \quad (16)$$

where $x_r(t)$ is Received signal, $Rl(t)$ is Rayleigh component, $n_{Gaussian}(t)$ is added Gaussian noise representation. Analysis of RS codes in AWGN with Rayleigh is presented in Fig. 6. Bit error rate performance for the different signal constellations is presented in Fig. 7

V. CONCLUSION

This paper presents the analysis of block codes with various modulation schemes in AWGN channels. Here for a fixed

modulation type, we have obtained the SNR for coded and uncoded transmitting data. From the simulation, it is found that RS codes perform better than Hamming codes.

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